Edmonson County School District FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024



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REPORT



Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Education Edmonson County School District Brownsville, Kentucky

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Edmonson County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, and select pension/OPEB information on pages 5 through 19 and 77 through 92 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2024 on our consideration of Edmonson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 14, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EDMONSON COUNTYBOARD OF EDUCATION BROWNSVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

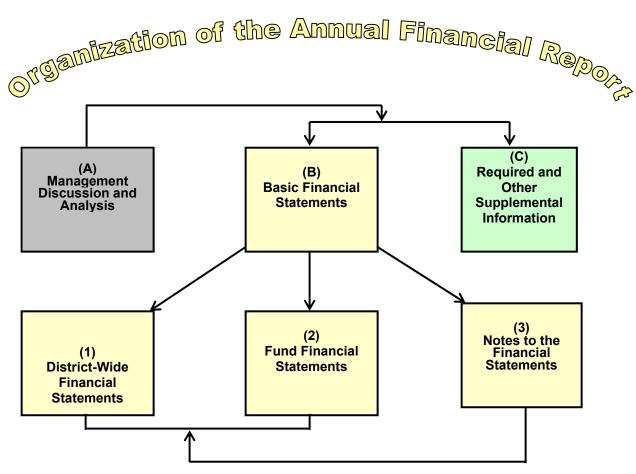
As management of the Edmonson County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning General Fund balance for the district was \$2,842,445. The ending General Fund balance was \$2,974,386, for an increase in fund balance of \$131,941. The ending general fund balance is 16% of total General Fund expenditures, which well exceeds the state minimum contingency of 2%.
- General Fund revenues accounted for \$18,123,942 in revenue or 67% of all governmental revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of grants and contributions accounted for \$5,109,782, or 18.0% of total governmental revenues of \$27,037,830.
- The school district had \$24,976,774 in expenses related to governmental activities; approximately \$5,109,782 of these expenses are offset by program specific charges for services, grants, and contributions. General revenues (primarily local taxes and state SEEK allocations) contributed \$21,928,048, which produced an increase in net position of \$2,061,056.
- The state SEEK formula provided \$7,413,809 in General Fund revenue, which was \$529,404 less than the previous fiscal year. The primary difference is due to the average attendance calculation, which has been held to 2018-2019 levels since the onset of the worldwide pandemic, being reverted to actuals. The District has experienced a dramatic decrease in Average Daily Attendance since that time. The base SEEK funding increased from \$4,200 in 2023 to \$4,328 in 2024, but it was not enough to offset the steep decline in actual attendance.
- The Food Service Fund, a proprietary fund, ended fiscal year 2024 with unrestricted fund net position of (\$691,436) for a decrease of \$33,086 versus fiscal year 2023.

Overview of the Annual Financial Report (AFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Edmonson County School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The annual report consists of three parts: (A) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (B) the basic financial statements and notes, and (C) required and other supplemental information. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.



The District-Wide Financial Statements have two sections (1) the *Statement of Net Position* and (2) the *Statement of Activities*. The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The District-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 20 through 23 of this report. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. The fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 32 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 33 through 76 of this report.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during the current fiscal year?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statements of Activities*, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's' goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as Kentucky's SEEK funding formula and its adjustments, the School District's property tax base, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extra-curricular activities. The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The School District's food service is reported as business activities. These activities are funded thru fees, federal grants, and federal commodities.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Deferred outflows due to debt refunding were \$14,530. In addition, the District recognized deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB of \$4,664,641 and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB of \$6,414,921. Net pension and OPEB liability was recognized of \$8,676,774 for governmental activities and \$908,149 for business-type activities for a total of \$9,584,923. As a result of this liability recognition, the net position of the District was \$18,452,901 as of June 30, 2024, which was an increase of \$2,027,770 versus the previous year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The amount of capital assets, net of related debt was \$13,789,928 (a decrease of \$739,996 versus the previous year). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

After looking at the District as a whole, an analysis of the School District's major funds follows. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds. The only major proprietary fund is the school food service fund. A proprietary fund is sometimes referred to as an enterprise fund. It is a fund that operates like a business with sales of goods and services. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds. The major governmental funds for the Edmonson County School District are the general fund, and special revenue (grants).

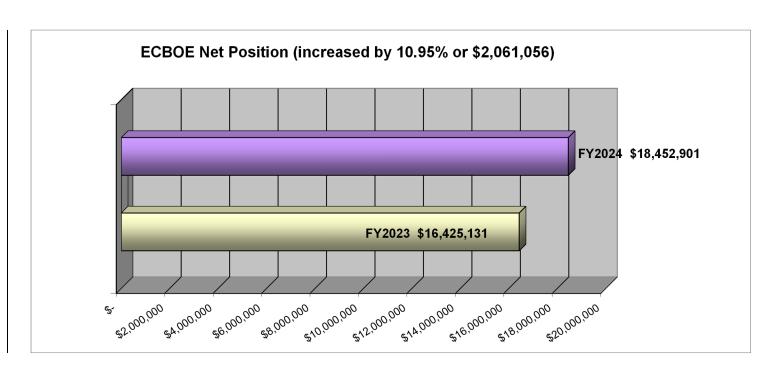
Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statements of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, the statements for the proprietary fund will essentially match. The School District's proprietary funds consist of food service operations and day care services.

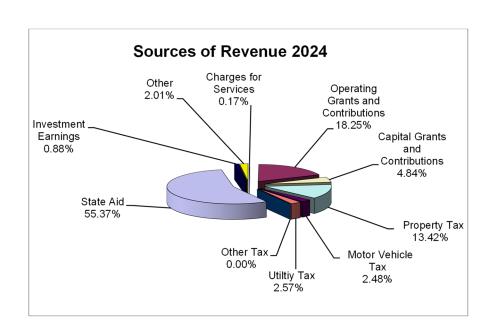
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position for June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024

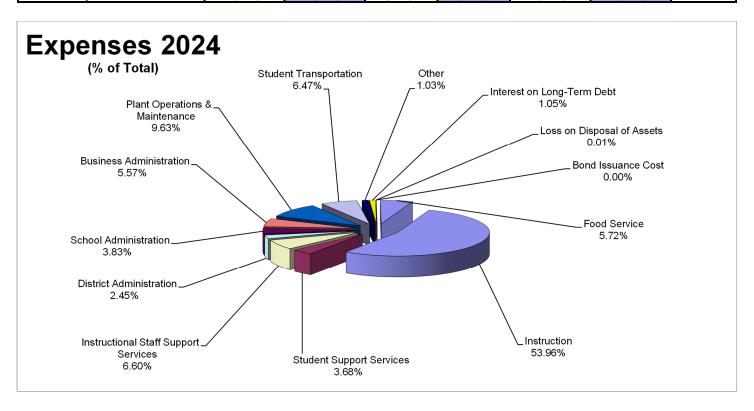
			Proprietary	/ Business-		Total District	
	Governmen	tal Activities	Activities Type Activ		ivities Distric		% Change
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023-2024
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,050,877	\$ 11,848,695	\$ 336,933	\$ 281,632	\$ 16,387,810	\$ 12,130,327	-26.0%
Capital Assets	24,540,242	29,317,310	90,503	101,521	24,630,745	29,418,831	19.4%
Total Assets	40,591,119	41,166,005	427,436	383,153	41,018,555	41,549,158	1.3%
Deferred loss on debt refunding	37,775	14,530	-	-	37,775	14,530	-61.5%
OPEB related	3,381,647	2,527,723	128,269	100,526	3,509,916	2,628,249	-25.1%
Pension related	1,516,779	1,759,760	229,221	276,632	1,746,000	2,036,392	16.6%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,936,201	4,302,013	357,490	377,158	5,293,691	4,679,171	-11.6%
Long Term Liabilities	11,039,066	10,070,703	-	-	11,039,066	10,070,703	-8.8%
Net OPEB Liability	6,071,681	2,899,691	255,539	-	6,327,220	2,899,691	-54.2%
Net Pension Liability	6,194,179	5,777,083	936,086	908,149	7,130,265	6,685,232	-6.2%
Other Liabilities	1,472,427	1,704,421	-	460	1,472,427	1,704,881	15.8%
Total Liabilities	24,777,353	20,451,898	1,191,625	908,609	25,968,978	21,360,507	-17.7%
OPEB related	2,865,862	4,591,171	139,940	351,391	3,005,802	4,942,562	64.4%
Pension related	792,560	1,272,348	119,775	200,011	912,335	1,472,359	61.4%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,658,422	5,863,519	259,715	551,402	3,918,137	6,414,921	63.7%
Investment in Capital Assets (net of debt)	14,439,421	13,707,941	90,503	81,987	14,529,924	13,789,928	-5.1%
Restricted	11,489,537	13,300,174	_	-	11,489,537	13,300,174	15.8%
Unrestricted Fund	(8,837,413)	(7,855,514)	(756,917)	(781,687)	(9,594,330)	(8,637,201)	-10.0%
Total Net Position	\$ 17,091,545	\$ 19,152,601	\$ (666,414)	\$ (699,700)	\$ 16,425,131	\$ 18,452,901	12.35%



Revenues	Governmen	tal Activities		/Business- ctivities	Distric	District Total % Change	
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023-2024
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 4,600	\$ 3,180	\$ 53,678	\$ 45,134	\$ 58,278	\$ 48,314	-17.1%
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,736,928	3,725,206	1,530,703	1,482,373	6,267,631	5,207,579	-16.9%
Capital Grants and Contributions	11,234,658	1,381,396	-	-	11,234,658	1,381,396	-87.7%
General Revenue Taxes							
Property Tax	3,470,931	3,829,500	-	-	3,470,931	3,829,500	10.3%
Motor Vehicle Tax	680,033	708,366	-	-	680,033	708,366	4.2%
Utility Tax	718,091	734,233	-	-	718,091	734,233	2.2%
Other Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	
State Aid	12,100,663	15,796,124	-	-	12,100,663	15,796,124	30.5%
Investment Earnings	129,267	233,468	10,539	17,925	139,806	251,393	79.8%
Gain on disposal of Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	(44,538)	53,994	44,538	(53,994)	-	-	
Other	560,549	572,363	-	-	560,549	572,363	2.1%
Total Revenues	\$ 33,591,182	\$ 27,037,830	\$1,639,458	\$1,491,438	\$ 35,230,640	\$ 28,529,268	-19.0%



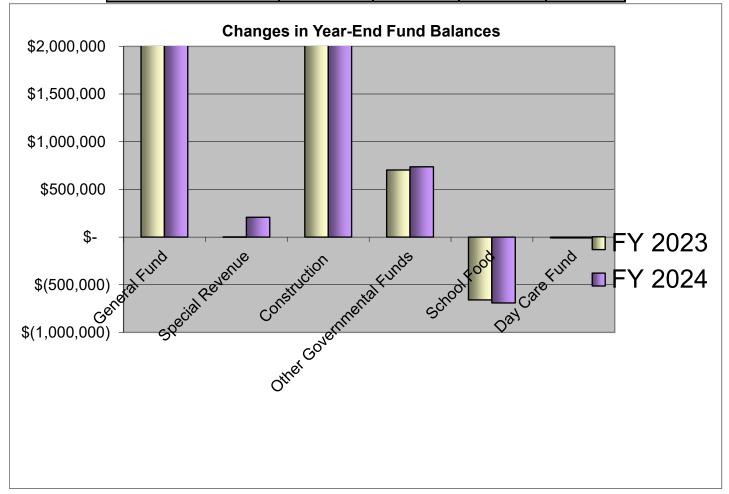
Expenses	Governmental Activities			/ Business- ctivities	Distric	District Total % Change	
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023-2024
Instruction	\$ 12,519,108	\$ 14,301,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,519,108	\$ 14,301,522	14.2%
Support Services							
Student Support Services	918,273	976,465	-	-	918,273	976,465	6.3%
Instructional Staff	911,134	1,749,442	-	-	911,134	1,749,442	92.0%
District Administration	713,222	648,482	-	-	713,222	648,482	-9.1%
School Administration	1,080,846	1,014,074	-	-	1,080,846	1,014,074	-6.2%
Business Administration	673,955	1,477,398	-	-	673,955	1,477,398	119.2%
Plant Operations & Maintenance	2,467,079	2,551,930	-	-	2,467,079	2,551,930	3.4%
Student Transportation	1,835,332	1,713,914	-	-	1,835,332	1,713,914	-6.6%
Other	366,385	262,728	8,998	9,333	375,383	272,061	-27.5%
Building Improvement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	265,622	278,122	-	-	265,622	278,122	4.7%
Loss on Disposal of Assets	60	2,697	-	-	60	2,697	4395.0%
Bond Issuance Cost	47,141	-	-	-	47,141	-	-100.0%
Food Service	-	-	1,375,172	1,515,391	1,375,172	1,515,391	10.2%
Total Expenses	\$ 21,798,157	\$ 24,976,774	\$ 1,384,170	\$ 1,524,724	\$ 23,182,327	\$ 26,501,498	14.3%



- The District's total revenues were \$28,529,268 and the total expenses were \$26,501,498. Revenues exceeded expenses by \$2,027,770.
- State revenues accounted for 55% and local taxes accounted for 18% of the revenue.
- Instruction was the major expense category and accounted for 54% of the total.
- Proprietary expenditures exceeded revenues by \$33,286 and Governmental revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2,061,056.

Financial Analysis of the District Fund Balances

Changes in End-of-Year Fund Balances	FY 2023	FY 2024	Amount of Change	% Change
General Fund	\$ 2,842,445	\$ 2,974,386	\$ 131,941	4.6%
Special Revenue	2,056	207,744	205,688	10004.3%
Construction	11,101,035	6,291,742	(4,809,293)	-43.3%
Other Governmental Funds	704,337	737,926	33,589	4.8%
School Food	(658,350)	(691,436)	(33,086)	5.0%
Day Care Fund	(8,064)	(8,264)	(200)	2.5%
Total	\$ 13,983,459	\$ 9,512,098	\$ (4,471,361)	-32.0%



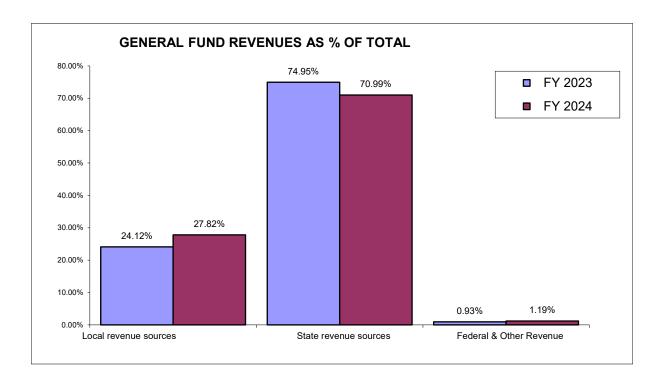
- The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$131,941.
- The Special Revenue fund increased by \$205,688.
- The Construction Fund's fund balance decreased by \$4,809,293 due to the receipt of the funds for the Vocational Center addition to the High School.
- The School Food Service (deficit) fund balance of (\$691,436) at the end of the year reflects an decrease in the total fund balance of \$33,086.
- The Day Care Service fund ended FY 2024 with fund balance of (\$8,264) resulting from a decrease in net position of \$200.

Comments on General Fund and Special Revenue Budget Comparisons

- The District's General Fund total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were \$18,123,942. This is \$163,554 less than was budgeted in the final working budget. This variance is attributable to the less than budgeted amount of On-Behalf funds received from the State, for a total difference of \$594,600. The remaining difference is offset by higher than budgeted receipts from the various local tax sources.
- General fund actual revenue varied widely in several line items with the ending actual fund revenue being \$1,049,455 less than the prior year. State funds to the general fund decreased by \$1,504,684. The is primarily due to the state SEEK decrease of \$529,404, which was realized due to a dramatic drop in the average daily attendance for the District. The General Fund also had \$222,595 in transfers from the Capital Outlay fund to cover property insurance, buses and various maintenance expenses.
- Instructional expenditures were \$702,915 less than budget due primarily due to on behalf benefit expenditures being \$274,858 less than budgeted and salaries expense being \$392,275 less than budgeted. The other line items had varying increases and decreases that are in line with usual budget variances.
- General Fund expenditures decreased over prior year actuals by significant amounts across several spending areas. The areas which saw the most decrease were Salaries and Benefits, which were cut due to a change in staffing allocations and student enrollment.
- The Special Revenue Fund budget compared to actual will always differ slightly because the state budget report only shows current fiscal year grant awards. The Special Revenue expenditures will include current year grant expenditures and previous year grant expenditures that were not completed at the end of the previous year. Also, the District received three federal grants to help offset the costs of operating in a global pandemic and to make preparations to mitigate any further closures. These are one time awards that are expected to last through fiscal year 2024.

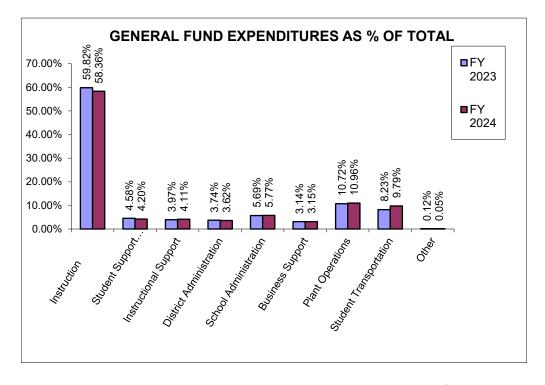
The following tables present a summary of revenue and expenditures of the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

General Fund Revenues	FY 2023	FY 2024
Local Revenue Sources:	\$ 4,624,591	\$ 5,041,181
Taxes:		
Property	3,026,829	3,327,079
Motor Vehicle	680,033	708,366
Utilities	718,091	734,233
Earnings on Investment	112,266	205,130
Other Local Revenue	87,372	66,373
State Revenue Sources	14,371,111	12,866,427
Federal Revenue	177,695	216,334
Total Revenues	\$19,173,397	\$ 18,123,942



The majority of General Fund revenue was derived from state funding (71%), with local revenue sources making up 28% of the total.

General Fund Expenditures	FY 2023	FY 2024
Instruction	\$11,332,059	\$10,533,274
Support Services		
Student Support Services	867,336	757,883
Instructional Support	751,709	741,287
District Administration	707,669	652,624
School Administration	1,078,342	1,040,717
Business Support	594,150	569,098
Plant Operations	2,030,813	1,977,267
Student Transportation	1,558,272	1,767,036
Other	23,594	8,528
Total Expenditures	\$18,943,944	\$18,047,714
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	229,453	76,228
Operating Transfers	82,687	55,713
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 312,140	\$ 131,941



Revenues in Excess of Expenditures	\$ 76,228
Operating Transfers	\$ 55,713
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$131,941

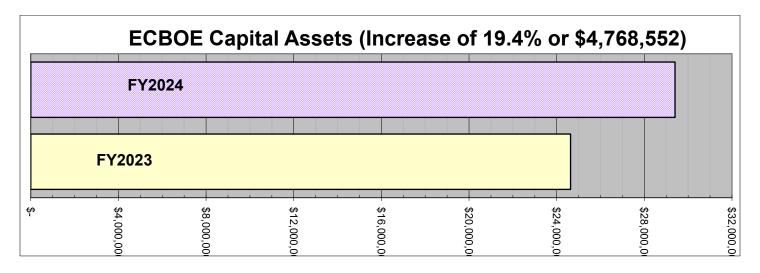
CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By June 30, 2024, the district had invested \$29,399,297 in capital assets. This included land, school buildings, athletic facilities, maintenance facilities, computer equipment and administrative offices and construction in process. The cumulative total initial cost of assets was \$46,024,445 with accumulated depreciation of \$23,169,489.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL ASSETS

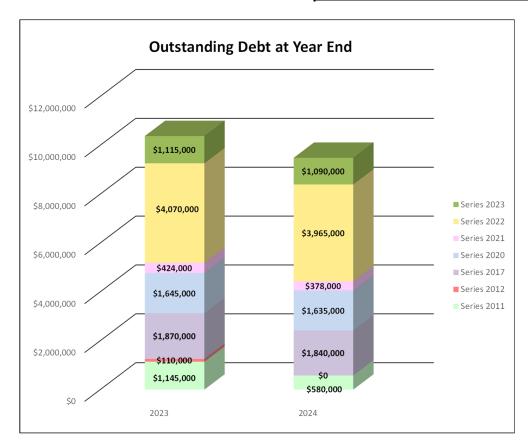
CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)	Governmental Activities		Proprietary Business- Type Activities			District Total				Total District % Change		
		FY2023	FY2024	F۱	Y2023		FY2024		FY2023		FY2024	2023-2024
Land & Land Improvements	\$	433,847	\$ 421,804	\$	-	\$	-	\$	433,847	\$	421,804	-2.8%
Buildings		21,987,003	21,157,072		-		-		21,987,003		21,157,072	-3.8%
Construction Work in Process		869,723	6,129,565		-		-		-		-	0.0%
Equipment & Furniture		1,249,669	1,608,869		90,503		81,987		1,340,172		1,690,856	26.2%
Total Assets	\$	24,540,242	\$ 29,317,310	\$	90,503	\$	81,987	\$	24,630,745	\$	29,399,297	19.4%



Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the district had \$9,488,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. General obligation debt decreased significantly due to some bonds nearing maturity and the principle amounts .

Outstanding Debt at Year End			
General Obligation Bonds:	Par Amount	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2024
Series 2023 LAVEC High School Addition	\$1,115,000	\$1,115,000	\$1,090,000
Series 2022 Guaranteed Energy Savings Contract Project	\$4,170,000	\$4,070,000	\$3,965,000
Series 2021 Bond Refunding 2011 Series	\$515,000	\$424,000	\$378,000
Series 2020 District Wide Renovations Phase 2	\$1,705,000	\$1,645,000	\$1,635,000
Series 2017 District Wide Restroom and Facility Renovations	\$2,055,000	\$1,870,000	\$1,840,000
Series 2011 Edmonson County High School Refundir Renovation/Addition	ng \$5,280,000	\$1,145,000	\$580,000
Series 2012 Edmonson County 5/6 Center & Kyrock Elem. Renov. Refunding	\$1,055,000	\$110,000	\$0
тс	TAL \$15,895,000	\$10,105,000	\$9,488,000



BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

It is extremely important that the district continue to budget very conservatively. The district receives approximately 70% of its new general fund revenue each year through the state funding formula (SEEK). On occasions, there have been adjustments that caused a very significant decrease in the funding. The SEEK forecasts from the state should be considered only an estimate of state revenue. If the state does not get the revenue from taxing sources, an adjustment will be made to the funding formula. The district should always be prepared for such reductions in funding.

Approximately 18% of the general fund revenue is from local property tax. The major portion of the tax revenue does not come to the district until the sixth through eighth months. This means the general fund's beginning fund balance must be used to absorb much of the first four months of expenditures. Provisions must always be made to have a significant fund beginning balance to start each year. The district has an ending fund balance of \$2,974,386 of the total general fund budget as a beginning balance for next year.

By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$2,326,970 in total contingency (11) for fiscal year 2025. The beginning general fund balance for the 2024 fiscal year was \$2,842,445. Significant Board action that impacts finances include rising salary costs, additional spending on students with special needs, increased building operations and maintenance costs associated with maintenance of facilities, general fund matching dollars for the state KETS grant, and the increasing general fund bond payment schedule for the Guaranteed Energy Savings Project. The district currently participates in 27 federal and state grants. The total budget for these grants is \$2,850,983. Additionally, the federal ESSER emergency funding grants totaling \$6,256,200 is a factor through fiscal year 2024. Many of these grants are funded on a reimbursement basis. This requires the district to pay the expenses of the grant and then apply for reimbursement. The district must continue to monitor the grants constantly and get reimbursements in a timely manner. The district must also maintain a significant cash balance in order to pay the expenses of these grants while waiting for reimbursements.

DISTRICT CHALLENGES FOR THE FUTURE

The primary challenges for the Edmonson County School District are to continue to build and develop our educational programs, integrate technology into our curriculum, and continue to update and modernize our existing facilities. However, our greatest challenge is the ability to attract and retain staff, given the shallow staff pool that exists and our lack of strong tax base in comparison to surrounding districts. While we were able to give a small salary increase for the 24-25 school year, this is our greatest challenge going forward.

The Edmonson County School District has a role to educate our students to the fullest ability to create an environment of trained, educated, and knowledgeable citizens. As our district continues to focus on graduating students who are Transition Ready, we need to increase our focus by making improvements in our content presentation by utilizing research based curriculum, technology, and professional development focusing on improving the art of teaching. The primary concerns for addressing these three areas are the expense of staying updated and current with facilities, technology curriculum and funding.

The district completed the Edmonson County District Facility Plan in the past year, which included a plan for a replacement of Kyrock Elementary School and renovation of South Edmonson Elementary. There are always concerns in this area with keeping our current facilities in top operational condition and continuing to make plans for updating throughout the district with limited funding.

The Edmonson County School District has experienced decreases in student population over the past four years, which has led to a decrease in state funding that hinders the district in many areas. The District passed a recallable nickel tax in tax year 2023 to be collected beginning with tax year 2024 that will bring in extra funds to allow for upgrades in our construction and facilities. Our challenge is working with all stakeholders involved to maximize all resources and streamline programs to ensure resources are available and can be utilized to meet the needs of all students.

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Tiffany Carroll, Chief Financial Officer, (270) 597-2101, 100 Wildcat Way, P O Box 129, Brownsville, KY 42210 or e-mail to tiffany.carroll@edmonson.kyschools.us.

Edmonson County School District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
Assets						
Cash	\$	10,482,846	\$	138,877	\$	10,621,723
Accounts receivable:						
Taxes		138,337		-		138,337
Intergovernmental		1,219,248		127,179		1,346,427
Internal balances		8,264		(8,264)		-
Inventory		-		23,840		23,840
Non-depreciable capital assets		6,462,354		-		6,462,354
Depreciable capital assets		46,024,445		557,469		46,581,914
Less: accumulated depreciation		(23,169,489)		(475,482)		(23,644,971)
Net OPEB asset		-		19,534		19,534
Total assets		41,166,005		383,153		41,549,158
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred loss on debt refundings		14,530		-		14,530
OPEB related		2,527,723		100,526		2,628,249
Pension related		1,759,760		276,632		2,036,392
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,302,013		377,158		4,679,171
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		300,887		460		301,347
Accrued liabilities		668,686		-		668,686
Unearned revenue		667,324		_		667,324
Accrued interest		67,524		_		67,524
Long-term obligations:		- /-				- /-
Due within one year:						
Outstanding bonds		802,000		_		802,000
Compensated absences		96,767		_		96,767
Due beyond one year:		20,.07				20,.01
Outstanding bonds		8,692,334		_		8,692,334
Compensated absences		479,602		_		479,602
Net OPEB liability		2,899,691		_		2,899,691
Net pension liability		5,777,083		908,149		6,685,232
Total liabilities		20,451,898		908,609		21,360,507

Edmonson County School District Statement of Net Position

luna 20, 2024	Go	overnmental	Business-type	Total
June 30, 2024		Activities	Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
OPEB related		4,591,171	351,391	4,942,562
Pension related		1,272,348	200,011	1,472,359
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,863,519	551,402	6,414,921
				_
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets		13,707,941	81,987	13,789,928
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		12,942,859	-	12,942,859
Student activities		149,571	-	149,571
Grant programs		207,744	-	207,744
Unrestricted (deficit)		(7,855,514)	(781,687)	(8,637,201)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	19,152,601	\$ (699,700) \$	18,452,901

Edmonson County School District Statement of Activities

		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business- type	
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	\$ 14,301,522	\$ -	\$ 2,097,729	\$ 217,051	\$ (11,986,742)	\$ -	\$ (11,986,742)
Support Services:							
Student	976,465	-	116,492	-	(859,973)	-	(859,973)
Instructional staff	1,749,442	-	564,968	-	(1,184,474)	-	(1,184,474)
District administration	648,482	-	-	-	(648,482)	-	(648,482)
School administration	1,014,074	-	-	-	(1,014,074)	-	(1,014,074)
Business	1,477,398	-	442,792	-	(1,034,606)	-	(1,034,606)
Plant operations and							
maintenance	2,551,930	3,180	81,315	-	(2,467,435)	-	(2,467,435)
Student transportation	1,713,914	-	150,321	-	(1,563,593)	-	(1,563,593)
Other	262,728	-	271,589	-	8,861	-	8,861
Interest on long-term debt	278,122	-	-	1,164,345	886,223	-	886,223
Loss on disposal of assets	2,697		-	-	(2,697)	-	(2,697)
Total governmental activities	24,976,774	3,180	3,725,206	1,381,396	(19,866,992)	-	(19,866,992)
Business-type activities							
Food services	1,515,391	36,001	1,482,373	-	-	2,983	2,983
Day care services	9,333	9,133	-	-	-	(200)	(200)
Total business-type activites	1,524,724	45,134	1,482,373		-	2,783	2,783
Total school district	\$ 26,501,498	\$ 48,314	\$ 5,207,579	\$ 1,381,396	\$ (19,866,992)	\$ 2,783	\$ (19,864,209)

Edmonson County School District Statement of Activities

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

	Change in Net Position						
			В	usiness-			
	Go	vernmental		type			
For the year ended June 30, 2024		Activities	Α	ctivities	Total		
General Revenues							
Taxes:							
Property		3,829,500		-	3,829,50	00	
Motor vehicle		708,366		-	708,36	66	
Utilities		734,233		-	734,23	3	
State aid		15,796,124		-	15,796,12	24	
Investment earnings		233,468		17,925	251,39	93	
Other		572,363		-	572,36	53	
Transfers		53,994		(53,994)		-	
Total general revenues and transfers		21,928,048		(36,069)	21,891,97	' 9	
Change in net position		2,061,056		(33,286)	2,027,77	70	
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year		17,091,545		(666,414)	16,425,13	31	
Net position (deficit) - end of year	\$	19,152,601	\$	(699,700)	\$ 18,452,90)1	

Edmonson County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	(Construction Fund	G	Other iovernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets										
Cash	\$	3,183,692	¢	_	\$	6,559,678	¢	739,476	¢	10,482,846
Accounts receivable:	Ÿ	3,103,032	۲		٦	0,333,076	۲	733,470	7	10,402,040
Taxes		138,337		_		_		_		138,337
Intergovernmental		-		1,219,248		_		-		1,219,248
Due from other funds		321,043		-,,		-		-		321,043
Total assets	\$	3,643,072	\$	1,219,248	\$	6,559,678	\$	739,476	\$	12,161,474
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	31,401	\$	267,936	\$	1,550	\$	300,887
Accrued liabilities		668,686		-		-		-		668,686
Due to other funds		-		312,779		-		-		312,779
Unearned revenue		-		667,324				-		667,324
Total liabilities		668,686		1,011,504		267,936		1,550		1,949,676
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		207,744		6,291,742		671,123		7,170,609
Committed		281,719		-		-		-		281,719
Assigned		386,542		-		-		66,803		453,345
Unassigned		2,306,125		-		-		-		2,306,125
Total fund balances		2,974,386		207,744		6,291,742		737,926		10,211,798
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,643,072	\$	1,219,248	\$	6,559,678	\$	739,476	\$	12,161,474

Edmonson County School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2024
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 10,211,798
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$52,486,799 and the accumulated depreciation is \$23,169,489.	29,317,310
Governmental funds record losses on debt refundings as other financing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are included on the government-wide financial statements as a deferred outflow.	14,530
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds statements.	(2,063,448)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds statements.	487,412
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Bonds payable	(9,494,334)
Accrued interest on the bonds	(67,524)
Net OPEB liability	(2,899,691)
Net pension liability	(5,777,083)
Compensated absences	 (576,369)
otal net position - governmental activities	\$ 19,152,601

Edmonson County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year anded lyne 20, 2024	General		Special Revenue		Construction		Other iovernmental		
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues									
From local sources:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$ 3,327,079	\$	-	\$	-	\$	502,421	\$	3,829,500
Motor vehicle	708,366		-		-		-		708,366
Utilities	734,233		-		-		-		734,233
Earnings on investments	205,130		8,040		456,459		28,338		697,967
Other local revenue	66,373		38,321		-		297,619		402,313
Intergovernmental - state	12,866,427		1,492,331		-		707,886		15,066,644
Direct federal	129,034		-		-		-		129,034
Intergovernmental - federal	87,300		2,403,565		-		-		2,490,865
Total revenues	18,123,942		3,942,257		456,459		1,536,264		24,058,922
Expenditures									
Current:									
Instruction	10,533,274		2,170,744		-		292,327		12,996,345
Support services:									
Student	757,883		116,492		-		-		874,375
Instructional staff	741,287		564,968		-		-		1,306,255
District administration	652,624		-		-		-		652,624

Edmonson County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

	General	Special Revenue	Construction	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
	4 040 747				4 0 4 0 7 4 7
School administration	1,040,717	-	-	-	1,040,717
Business	569,098	442,792	-	-	1,011,890
Plant operations and maintenance	1,977,267	81,315	-		2,058,582
Student transportation	1,767,036	150,321	-	713	1,918,070
Other	8,528	271,589	-	-	280,117
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	891,000	891,000
Interest	-	-	-	255,264	255,264
Facilities acquisition and construction	 -	-	5,265,752	-	5,265,752
Total expenditures	18,047,714	3,798,221	5,265,752	1,439,304	28,550,991
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	76,228	144,036	(4,809,293)	96,960	(4,492,069)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in	276,586	61,652	-	920,254	1,258,492
Operating transfers out	 (220,873)	-	-	(983,625)	(1,204,498)
Total other financing sources (uses)	55,713	61,652	-	(63,371)	53,994
Net change in fund balances	131,941	205,688	(4,809,293)	33,589	(4,438,075)
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,842,445	2,056	11,101,035	704,337	14,649,873
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 2,974,386	207,744	\$ 6,291,742	\$ 737,926	\$ 10,211,798

Edmonson County School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30,	2024
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (4,438,075)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$5,992,696) exceeds depreciation expense (\$1,208,148) in the period.	4,784,548
Gains and losses are not presented in governmental funds because they do not provide or use current financial resources. However, they are presented on the Statement of Activities. The difference between proceeds from the sale of assets and the actual gain (loss) from the sale net to this amount for the year.	(7,480)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	891,000
Governmental funds report District OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statements of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as OPEB expense. District OPEB contributions	-
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	592,757
Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statements of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions	624,885
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	(444,596)
Expenditures reported in the fund financial statements are recognized when the current financial resource is used. However, expenses in the Statement of	
Activities are recognized when they are incurred.	58,017
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 2,061,056

Edmonson County School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Enterprise Fund		Day Care	Total Proprietary
June 30, 2024	Fo	od Service	(Nonmajor)	Funds
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$	138,877	\$ -	\$ 138,877
Accounts receivable		127,179	-	127,179
Inventory		23,840	-	23,840
Total current assets		289,896	-	289,896
Non-Current Assets				
Net OPEB asset		19,534	-	19,534
Fixed assets - net		81,987	-	81,987
Total assets		391,417	-	391,417
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
OPEB related		100,526	-	100,526
Pension related		276,632	-	276,632
Total deferred outflows of resources		377,158	-	377,158
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable		460	_	460
Due to other funds		-	8,264	8,264
Total current liabilities		460	8,264	8,724
Long-Term Liabilites				
Net pension liability		908,149	-	908,149
Total long-term liabilities		908,149	-	908,149
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
OPEB related		351,391	-	351,391
Pension related		200,011	-	200,011
Total deferred inflows of resources		551,402	-	551,402
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets		81,987	-	81,987
Unrestricted (deficit)		(773,423)	(8,264)	(781,687)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(691,436)	\$ (8,264)	\$ (699,700)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Edmonson County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Enterprise		Total
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Fund Food Service	Day Care (Nonmajor)	Proprietary Funds
		(comments	
Operating Revenues			
Lunchroom sales	\$ 36,001	\$ -	\$ 36,001
Tuition and fees	-	9,133	9,133
Total operating revenues	36,001	9,133	45,134
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	629,238	9,250	638,488
Contract services	28,408	-	28,408
Materials and supplies	845,235	-	845,235
Day care operations	-	83	83
Other operating expenses	3,994	-	3,994
Depreciation expense	8,516	-	8,516
Total operating expenses	1,515,391	9,333	1,524,724
Operating (loss) income	(1,479,390)	(200)	(1,479,590)
Non-Operating Revenues			
State operating grants	129,239	-	129,239
Federal operating grants	1,316,351	-	1,316,351
Donated commodities	36,783	-	36,783
Interest income	17,925	-	17,925
Total non-operating revenues	1,500,298		1,500,298
Income before transfers	20,908	(200)	20,708
Transfers	(53,994)	-	(53,994)
Change in net position	(33,086)	(200)	(33,286)
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year	(658,350)	(8,064)	(666,414)
Net position (deficit) - end of year	\$ (691,436)	\$ (8,264)	\$ (699,700)

Edmonson County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

						Total
	Ente	erprise Fund	Day Care		Pı	oprietary
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Fo	od Service	(Nonn	najor)		Funds
Operating Activities						
Cash received from user charges	\$	52,703	\$	9,133	\$	61,836
Cash payments to employees for services		(541,721)		(9,250)		(550,971)
Cash payments for contract services		(28,408)		-		(28,408)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and						
services		(809,501)		117		(809,384)
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(3,994)		-		(3,994)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,330,921)		-		(1,330,921)
Non Capital Financing Activities						
Indirect cost transfer to general fund		(53,994)		-		(53,994)
Non-operating grants received		1,327,082		-		1,327,082
Net cash provided by noncapital financing						
activities		1,273,088		-		1,273,088
Investing Activities						
Interest on investments		17,925		-		17,925
Net cash provided by investing activities		17,925		-		17,925
Net decrease in cash		(39,908)				(39,908)
ivet decrease III casii		(33,306)				(33,300)
Cash - beginning of year		178,785		-		178,785
Cash - end of year	\$	138,877	\$		\$	138,877
Cash Cha or year	ڔ	130,077	۲	_	γ	130,077

Edmonson County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

				Total
	Ent	erprise Fund	Day Care	Proprietary
For the year ended June 30, 2024	F	ood Service	(Nonmajor)	Funds
				_
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) Income to Net				
Cash Used In Operating Activities				
Operating (loss) income	\$	(1,479,390)	\$ (200)	\$ (1,479,590)
Adjustments To Reconcile Operating (Loss) Income				
To Net Cash (Used In) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		8,516	-	8,516
Commodities received		36,783	-	36,783
On-behalf payments received		118,508	-	118,508
Pension contributions less than pension				
expense		4,888	-	4,888
OPEB contributions in excess of OPEB				
expense		(35,879)	-	(35,879)
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		16,702	-	16,702
Inventories		(1,509)	-	(1,509)
Accounts payable		460	200	660
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(1,330,921)	\$ -	\$ (1,330,921)

Non-Cash Activities

- The food service fund received \$36,783 of donated commodities from the federal government.
- The District received on-behalf payments of \$118,508 relating to insurance benefits.
- The District reclassified \$98,231 related to pension expense to deferred outflows of resources.
- The District reclassified \$0 related to OPEB expense to deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Edmonson County Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Edmonson County School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Edmonson County School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc., except for those funds administered as custodial funds.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. The criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units.

Blended Component Unit

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements as a blended component unit:

Edmonson County School District Finance Corporation — The Edmonson County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Edmonson County School District Finance Corporation (a nonprofit, nonstock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Edmonson County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements — The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements — Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary and fiduciary — are presented. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unassigned fund balance is considered as resources available for use. The general fund is a major fund.

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Governmental Fund Types (continued)

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. The special revenue fund is a major fund.

The *Special Revenue District Activity Fund* is used to account for proceeds collected by the District's individual schools which are not raised by students or parents and are swept to the District's finance office. Funds can be spent on operating expenses as directed by the District's schools.

The Special Revenue Student Activity Fund is used to account for student activity funds of the District's individual schools. The student funds are maintained in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds, which is performed by the District.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan and certain operating costs.

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds are restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The *Construction Fund* accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. The Construction fund is a major fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and other debt related costs.

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds

The *Food Service Fund* is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The food service fund is a major fund.

The Day Care Fund is used to account for day care services offered to the general public.

Fiduciary Fund Types (includes custodial and private purpose trust funds)

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee's capacity or in a custodial capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Custodial funds are purely custodial and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary and fiduciary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which the government-wide financial statements are prepared. The governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

the fund balance. On this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as assets. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The records of the District and the budgetary process are based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This practice is the accounting method prescribed by the Committee for School District Audits. The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund and capital projects funds.

Budgetary Information

Budget information is presented for the General Fund and other funds with a Board approved budget. This budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary revenues represent original estimates modified for any adjustments approved by the Board during the fiscal year. Budgetary expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted for transfers and additional appropriations approved during the fiscal year. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended by approval of the Board.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to compensated absences, pension liability and OPEB liability.

Inventory

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased (purchases method) with the exception of the proprietary funds, which record inventory at the lower of cost, determined by first-in first-out ("FIFO") method, or net realizable value.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 with the exception of real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives				
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years				
Land improvements	20 years				
Technology equipment	5 years				
Vehicles	5-10 years				
Audio-visual equipment	15 years				
Food service equipment	10-12 years				
Furniture and fixtures	7 years				
Rolling stock	15 years				
Other	10 years				

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – Debt Related

The District reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the financial statements include the deferred amount arising from the refunding of bonds. The amount by which the reacquisition price of the refunding debt exceeds the carrying amount of the refunded debt is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding bonds as part of interest expense. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds

Edmonson County School District Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – Debt Related (continued)

financial statements in the current year. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the financial statements include the deferred gain on debt defeasance. The deferred gain is being amortized over the remaining life of the bond as part of other revenues.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – Pension Related

The District's statement of net position and proprietary funds statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension which includes only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows include resources for the District's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Deferred inflows of resources also include changes in the proportion and differences between employee contributions and the proportion share of contributions in the cost sharing plan. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - OPEB Related

The District's statement of net position and proprietary funds statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB which includes only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows include resources for the District's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Deferred inflows of resources also include changes in the proportion and differences between employee contributions and the proportion share of contributions in the cost sharing plan. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS)/Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from CERS/KTRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS/KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District proportionate share of pension amounts were further allocated to each participating employer based on the contributions paid by each employer. Pension investments are reported at fair value. Note 8 provides further detail on the net pension liability.

Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS)/Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from CERS/KTRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS/KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District's proportionate share of OPEB amounts were further allocated to each participating employer based on the contributions paid by each employer. OPEB investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. Note 9 provides further detail on the net OPEB liability.

Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and the KTRS plans.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Compensated Absences

The District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences for sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits at termination. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave when earned for all employees with more than five years of service.

Compensated Absences (continued)

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In accordance with GASB Codification Section I30: Interest Costs – Imputation, bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred except for prepaid insurance costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Leases

Lease contracts that provide the District with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

Net Position

The District classifies its net position into the following three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This represents the District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

Restricted - The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.

Unrestricted - The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The assessment date of the property taxes is January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set during the September Board meeting. Assuming property tax bills are timely mailed, the collection date is the period from September 15 through December 31. Collections from the period September 15 through November 1 receive a two percent discount. The due date is the period from November 2 through December 31 in which no discount is allowed. Property taxes received subsequent to December 31 are considered to be delinquent and subject to a lien being filed by the County Attorney.

Revenues — Exchange and Non exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Revenues — Exchange and Non exchange Transactions (continued)

Non exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Assets from property taxes are normally recognized when an enforceable legal claim arises. However, for the District, an enforceable legal claim arises after the period for which taxes are levied. Property taxes receivable are recognized in the same period that the revenues are recognized. The property taxes are normally levied in September.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, assets and revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. At year-end, outstanding encumbrances represent material purchase commitments for goods and services which were ordered, budgeted, and appropriated, but had not been received or completed at date. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. Note 7 provides further detail on the District's encumbrances.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service and fees collected for daycare services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise funds.

Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, November 14, 2024, and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recent Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary

Recent Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The implementation of this standard was not significant to the District.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of the financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District is evaluating the requirements of this Statement.

NOTE 3: CASH

Deposits

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amounts of the District's cash in deposits were \$10,621,723 and the bank balances were \$11,210,878, which were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the bank's agent in the District's name.

The carrying amounts are reflected in the financial statements as follow:

June 30,	2024
Governmental funds	\$ 10,482,846
Proprietary funds	138,877
	\$ 10,621,723

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the District is required by state statute that bank deposits must be collateralized. The District's bank balance of \$11,210,878 was not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

June 30, 2024

	34.11C 30) 202 1			
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General fund	Special revenue	\$	312,779	
General fund	Day care		8,264	
Total interfund receiva	\$	321,043		

The amounts represent interfund loans between the general fund and the special revenue and day care funds that are necessary to fulfill the current cash requirements of the special revenue fund and day care fund.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Capital Cost							
	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending				
June 30, 2024	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance				
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets that are not depreciated:								
Land	\$ 332,789	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 332,789				
Construction in progress	869,723	5,265,752	5,910	6,129,565				
Total non-depreciable historical cost	1,202,512	5,265,752	5,910	6,462,354				
Capital assets that are depreciated:								
Land improvements	1,193,064	-	-	1,193,064				
Buildings and improvements	38,232,508	111,869	-	38,344,377				
Technology equipment	910,799	89,803	244,918	755,684				
Vehicles	4,042,630	229,778	98,585	4,173,823				
General	1,286,295	301,404	30,202	1,557,497				
Total depreciable historical cost	45,665,296	732,854	373,705	46,024,445				
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements	1,092,006	12,043	-	1,104,049				
Buildings and improvements	16,245,505	941,800	=	17,187,305				
Technology equipment	829,224	32,255	237,647	623,832				
Vehicles	3,115,592	172,208	98,585	3,189,215				
General	1,045,239	49,842	29,993	1,065,088				
Total accumulated depreciation	22,327,566	1,208,148	366,225	23,169,489				
Total depreciable historical cost, net	23,337,730	(475,294)	7,480	22,854,956				
Governmental activities, capital assets,								
net	\$ 24,540,242	\$ 4,790,458	\$ 13,390	\$ 29,317,310				

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Capital Cost									
		eginning				etirements/	Ending			
June 30, 2024	Balance		Additions		Re	classifications	Balance			
Business-type activities:										
Capital assets that are depreciated:										
General	\$	559,884	\$	-	\$	2,415 \$	557,469			
Technology equipment		14,970		-		14,970	-			
Total depreciable historical cost		574,854		-		17,385	557,469			
Less accumulated depreciation		484,351		8,516		17,385	475,482			
Business-type activities, capital assets,										
net	\$	90,503	\$	(8,516)	\$	- \$	81,987			

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

For the year ended June 30,	2024			
Instruction	\$ 377,070			
Support services:				
District administration	3,602			
Facilities operations	650,757			
Student transportation	176,719			
	_			
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,208,148			

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date and interest rates are summarized below:

Proceeds		te Proceeds		Rates
\$	5,280,000	1.00%-3.30%		
	1,055,000	1.10%-4.30%		
	2,055,000	2.00%-3.375%		
	1,705,000	2.00%-2.25%		
	515,000	1.10%		
	4,170,000	2.00%-2.50%		
	1,115,000	4.00%—4.375%		
	\$	\$ 5,280,000 1,055,000 2,055,000 1,705,000 515,000 4,170,000		

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Edmonson County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (SFCC). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Edmonson County School				School Facility			
	 District			Comm	Total Debt			
Year	Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Service
2024—2025	\$ 213,614	\$	711,615	\$	23,687	\$ 90,385	\$	1,039,301
2025—2026	201,880		315,687		22,240	91,313		631,120
2026—2027	194,062		329,556		20,592	93,444		637,654
2027—2028	185,875		343,392		18,902	94,608		642,777
2028-2029	177,417		357,200		17,181	96,800		648,598
2029-2030	168,591		370,975		15,418	98,025		653,009
2030-2031	159,211		384,720		13,622	100,280		657,833
2031-2032	149,726		398,429		11,781	51,571		611,507
2032-2033	139,726		417,104		10,456	52,896		620,182
2033-2034	129,460		430,743		9,097	54,257		623,557
2034-2035	118,609		449,272		7,623	55,728		631,232
2035-2036	107,001		467,750		6,103	57,250		638,104
2036-2037	94,347		486,106		4,460	58,894		643,807
2037-2038	81,193		509,688		2,767	25,312		618,960
2038-2039	67,566		529,122		2,201	25,878		624,767
2039-2040	53,431		548,537		1,616	26,463		630,047
2040-2041	38,409		569,505		1,018	25,495		634,427
2041-2042	23,918		595,475		488	19,525		639,406
2042-2043	6,781		155,000		-	-		161,781
	\$ 2,310,817	\$	8,369,876	\$	189,252	\$ 1,118,124	\$	11,988,069

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Changes in long-term obligations are as follows:

	Balance						Balance	-	mounts ue Within
June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	Increase	S	C	ecreases	creases June 30, 2024		4 One Year	
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds payable Less: deferred issuance	\$ 10,379,000	\$	-	\$	(891,000)	\$	9,488,000	\$	802,000
discounts	2,822		-		3,512		6,334		
Total bonds payable	10,381,822		-		(887,488)		9,494,334		802,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences	657,244		_		(80,875)		576,369		96,767
Total other liabilities	657,244		-		(80,875)		576,369		96,767
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 11,039,066	\$	-	\$	(968,363)	\$	10,070,703	\$	898,767

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCES

The Board follows GASB Statement Number 54. Under this statement, fund balance is separated into five categories, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2024, the District had \$207,744 restricted in the special revenue fund for grant programs, \$149,571 restricted in the special revenue student activity fund for student activities, \$6,291,742 restricted in the construction fund, \$83,984 restricted in the SEEK fund for debt service, and \$437,568 restricted in the FSPK for capital outlay/debt service.

Edmonson County School District Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had the following commitments in the general fund at June 30, 2024: \$227,620 for compensated absences balances and \$54,099 for school site based decision making balances.

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. The District had \$386,542 assigned related to encumbrances in the general fund and the special revenue district activity fund had \$66,803 assigned for operating costs of the District's schools at June 30, 2024. Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds and then unassigned funds. Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically rebudgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance at June 30, 2024 in the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS

Pensions

Edmonson County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS), a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the KTRS and the CERS and additions to/deductions from KTRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KTRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information About the KTRS Pension Plan

Plan Description

The KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Sections 220 through 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement, health and life insurance benefits for specified employees of local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth.

KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of KTRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. The board of trustees consists of the chief state school officer, the State Treasurer, two trustees appointed by the governor, and seven elected trustees. Four of the elected trustees are active teachers, two are not members of the teaching profession, and one is an annuitant of the retirement system.

Any regular or special teacher or professional occupying a position requiring certification or graduation from a four year college or university is eligible to participate in the system. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be found on the KTRS website.

Benefits Provided

KTRS provides retirement, medical, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members. Plan members are divided into the following four categories based on entry date.

For Members Hired Before July 1, 2008 (TRS 1 and TRS 2):

Members become vested when they complete 5 years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members hired after July 1, 2002 who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

Edmonson County School District Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (continued)

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members Hired On or After July 1, 2008 and Before January 1, 2022 (TRS 3):

Members become vested when they complete 5 years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2.0% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3.0% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members Hired On or After January 1, 2022 (TRS 4):

To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 57 and complete ten years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Attain age 65 and complete five years of Kentucky service.

Foundational Benefit: The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service.

Benefits Provided (continued)

The multiplier for members is shown in the following table:

	Years of Service									
Age	5-9.99	10-19.99	20-29.99	30 or more						
57-60		1.70%	1.95%	2.20%						
61		1.74%	1.99%	2.24%						
62		1.78%	2.03%	2.28%						
63		1.82%	2.07%	2.32%						
64		1.86%	2.11%	2.36%						
65 and over	1.90%	1.90%	2.15%	2.40%						

Supplemental Benefit: The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance that includes member and employer contributions and interest credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance or a portion thereof as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

For members who began participating prior to January 1, 2022, KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of 60% of the final average salary. TRS 4 members will receive a disability benefit to be determined by the board through administrative regulation.

A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members who began participating before January 1, 2022. For TRS 4 members, the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is \$5,000 for active contributing members and \$10,000 for retired or disabled workers.

Cost of living increases are 1.5% annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. For members who began participating before January 1, 2022, KTRS members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the system. For members employed by local school districts, the State (as a non-employer contributing entity) contributes 13.105% of salary for those who joined before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those joined on or after July 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2022. Other participating employers are required to contribute the percentage contributed by members plus an additional 3.25% of members' gross salaries.

Contributions (continued)

For TRS 4 members, members contribute 14.75% of their salaries to the system. Employers of members, including the state (as a non-employer contributing entity), contribute 10.75% of salary.

The member and employer contributions consist of retirement annuity contributions and OPEB contributions to the health and life insurance trusts. The member postemployment health insurance contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment health contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total	\$ 40,312,907
liability associated with the District	 40,312,907
State's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability	\$ -
District's proportionate share of the net pension	

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,354,562 and revenue of \$5,354,562 for support provided by the State in the government wide financial statements and pension expense of \$2,424,866 and revenue of \$2,424,866 for support provided by the State in the fund statements.

Edmonson County School District Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Investment rate of return

June 30, 2022

Entry Age

7.10% net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases 3.00 - 7.50%, including inflation

Inflation rate2.50%Post-retirement adjustment1.50%Municipal bond index rate3.66%Single equivalent interest rate7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Large cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.00%
Small cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.10%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.60%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.20%
Private Equity	7.0%	8.00%
Cash	2.0%	1.60%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made in full at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

General Information About the CERS Pension Plan

Plan Description

CERS was established by KRS 78.520. The District contributes to the Non-Hazardous CERS plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. CERS was established to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members.

Plan Description (continued)

The responsibility of the general administration and operation of the CERS plan is vested in the CERS board of trustees. The CERS board of trustees consists of nine members. Six trustees are appointed by the governor and three are elected by CERS members (active, inactive, and/or retired). CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided

CERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) were provided to retirees annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. After July 1, 2009, the COLAs were limited to 1.50%. In 2013, the General Assembly created a new law to govern how COLAs will be granted. The language included stated COLAs will only be granted in the future if the System's Boards determine that asset of the Systems are greater than 100% of the actuarial liabilities and legislation authorizes the use of surplus funds for the COLA; or the General Assembly fully prefunds the COLA or directs the payment of funds in the year the COLA is provided. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

- Tier 1 Non-Hazardous Tier 1 plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. These members are classified in the Tier 1 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest.
- Tier 2 Non-Hazardous Tier 2 plan members, who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2014, are required to contribute 6% of their annual creditable compensation, while 1% of these contributions are deposited in an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Insurance Fund (see Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR 1:420). These members are classified in the Tier 2 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest; however, the 1% Health Insurance contribution (HIC) to the 401(h) account is non-refundable and is forfeited.
- Tier 3 Non-Hazardous Tier 3 plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members contribute 5% of their monthly creditable compensation which is deposited into their account, and an additional 1% which is deposited to an account created for payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Insurance Fund (see 105 KAR 1:420), which is not refundable. Tier 3 member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% in the member's monthly

Benefits Provided (continued)

creditable compensation. The employer pay credit amount is deducted from the total employer contribution rate paid on the member's monthly creditable compensation. If a vested (60 months of service) member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to the members contributions (less HIC) plus employer pay credit plus interest (for both employee contributions and employer pay). If a non-vested (less than 60 months) member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to receive employee contributions (less HIC) plus interest (on employee contributions only).

Contributions

Employers participating in the CERS are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate per KRS 78.635. The CERS board of trustees establishes the employer contribution rate based on KRS 78.454(33). The KERS Non-Hazardous employer contribution rate shall include, (1) the normal cost contribution and (2) the prorated amount of the actuarially accrued liability assigned to each individual nonhazardous employer in accordance with KRS 61.565(1)(d). The normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the KRS Board on the basis of the last annual valuation preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The KRS Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS Board. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, participating employers contributed a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Boards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was 23.34%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$6,685,232 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the pension plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .104188%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$509,931. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 346,082	\$	18,166
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	722,194		813,385
Change of assumptions	-		612,706
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution	245,000		28,102
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 723,116		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$ 2,036,392	\$	1,472,359

\$723,116 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (104,974)
2026	(138,629)
2027	149,241
2028	(64,721)
2029	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions are:

Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges were combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		8.25%

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% for CERS Non-hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 28 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

				Current		
		% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
District's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	8,440,509	\$	6,685,232	\$	5,226,530

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The District offers its employees to defer compensation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans will omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

General Information about the KTRS OPEB Plan

Plan Description

District employees, in positions requiring a four-year degree are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement, health and life insurance benefits for specified employees of local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by KRS Chapter 161 Sections 220 through 990. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained on the TRS website.

KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of TRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of the chief state school officer, the state treasurer, two trustees appointed by the governor and seven elected trustees. Four of the elected trustees are active teachers, two are not members of the teaching profession, and one is an annuitant of the system.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Health Insurance Trust and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Health Insurance Trust

Plan Description

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits for eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation, funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and or are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

The member and employer contributions consist of retirement annuity contributions and OPEB contributions to the health insurance and life insurance trusts. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment health insurance contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$3,024,000 for its proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.124139%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,024,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the District	2,548,000
Total	\$ 5,572,000

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized total OPEB expense of \$(62,000), which included \$(15,000) related to changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,025,000	
Changes of assumptions		687,000		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		57,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,144,000		1,330,000	
Total	\$	1,888,000	\$	2,355,000	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related of OPEB, \$0 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (177,000)
2026	(146,000)
2027	53,000
2028	25,000
2029	(100,000)
Thereafter	(122,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Projected Salary Increases 3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation

Inflation Rate2.50%Real Wage Growth0.25%Wage Inflation2.75%Municipal Bond Index Rate3.66%Discount Rate7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including price inflation

Healthcare Cost Trends:

Medical trend 6.75% for FYE 2023 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032

Medicare Part B Premiums 1.55% for FYE 2023 with an ultimate rate of

4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement disability, incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with the experience in the TOL roll-forward. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
U.S. Large cap Equity	35.4%	5.00%
U.S. Small cap Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.70%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.20%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.00%
Cash	1.0%	1.60%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)		 rent Discount ate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,889,000	\$ 3,024,000	\$ 2,308,000

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trends Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend					
	19	% Decrease		Rate	1	L% Increase
District's proportionate share of the						
collective net OPEB liability	\$	2,177,000	\$	3,024,000	\$	4,078,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Trust

Plan Description

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The TRS Life Insurance Trust is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability and \$2,000 for active contributing members who began participating before January 1, 2022. For TRS 4 members, the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is \$5,000 for active contributing members and \$10,000 for retired or disabled members.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the state of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth of Kentucky (state) support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
associated with the District	 63,000
Total	\$ 63,000

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected Salary Increases	3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including price inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results for the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional Categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System's (CERS) OPEB Plan

Plan Description

District employees are provided OPEB under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statues, and the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) board administers the KRS Insurance Fund. The KRS Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides group health insurance benefits for plan members that are all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the District. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances. The CERS Insurance Fund is included in a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. Premium payments are submitted to DEI and Humana. The Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

Contributions

Employers participating in the KRS Insurance Fund contribute a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the KRS board is a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the required contribution was 0.00% of each employee's covered payroll. Contributions from the District to the KRS Insurance Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$0. The KRS board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS board. Employees qualifying as Tier 2 or Tier 3 of the CERS plan members contribute 1% of creditable compensation to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums paid for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB No. 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$(143,843) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.104184%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(290,668).

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	100,281	\$	2,042,433
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments		269,197		302,581
Change of assumptions		283,074		197,274
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		87,697		45,274
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		-		_
Total	\$	740,249	\$	2,587,562

For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (471,123)
2026	(568,843)
2027	(432,863)
2028	(374,484)
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation was of June 30, 2023:

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Inflation2.50%Payroll Growth Rate2.00%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

a period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 8.50% in 2025, then gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period

of 13 years.

Mortality (Pre-retirement) PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-hazardous

Systems, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a

base year of 2010.

Mortality (Post-retirement; non-

disabled)

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a

base year of 2023.

Mortality (Post-retirement;

disabled)

PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement

scale using a base year of 2010.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term (10-year) expected rates of return were determined by using a building-block method in which best estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed for each asset class. The ranges were combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below:

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Facilities		
Equity	F0.000/	5.000/
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00% 5.15%	
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		8.25%

Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% for the non-hazardous system were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the Plan's actuarial determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the Plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that the entire actuarially determined employer contribution is received by each plan each future year, calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	-	Decrease (4.93%)	Di	scount Rate (5.93%)	1% Increase (6.93%)
District's proportionate share of the					
collective net OPEB liability	\$	269,939	\$	(143,843) \$	(490,336)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current Healthcare				
	1%	6 Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the					
collective net OPEB liability	\$	(461,043) \$	(143,843)	\$ 245,807	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; fire, personal liability, vehicular accidents; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; fiduciary responsibility; and natural disaster. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include workers' compensation insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12: LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

NOTE 13: EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District has two funds with a deficit net position, Food Service (\$691,436) and Day Care (\$8,264). Also, the following funds had excess current year expenditures over current year appropriated revenues:

Year ended June 30, 2024	
Fund	Amount
Construction	\$ 4,809,293
Day Care	200
Food Service	33,086
District Activity Fund	7,862

NOTE 14: FUND TRANSFERS

Fund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Туре	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	A	Amount
Operating	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Matching	\$	61,652
Operating	FSPK	General Fund	Expenditures		49,868
Operating	Food Service	General Fund	Indirect Costs		53,994
Operating	SEEK	General Fund	Expenditures		172,724
Operating	FSPK	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service		760,936
Operating	Student Activity Fund	District Activity Fund	Expenditures		97
Operating	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service		159,221

NOTE 15: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The District receives on-behalf payments from the State of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amount received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was \$5,750,015. These payments were recorded in the funds as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2024	
Fund	Amount
General fund	\$ 5,405,400
Food Service fund	118,508
Debt Service fund	226,107
Total	\$ 5,750,015
Year ended June 30, 2024	
Technology Health Insurance less Federal Reimbursements Life Insurance Administrative Fees HRA/Dental/Vision Insurance	\$ 78,421 2,655,897 3,605 28,924 127,662
SFCC Debt Service KTRS	226,107 2,629,399
Total	\$ 5,750,015

Edmonson County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variances
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 4,530,193 \$	4,705,303	5,041,181	\$ 335,878
State programs	12,914,217	13,453,721	12,866,427	(587,294)
Federal programs	128,472	128,472	216,334	87,862
Total revenues	17,572,882	18,287,496	18,123,942	(163,554)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	10,702,181	11,236,189	10,533,274	702,915
Support services:				
Student	863,452	913,549	757,883	155,666
Instructional staff	743,395	782,231	741,287	40,944
District administration	663,501	640,964	652,624	(11,660)
School administration	1,000,085	1,054,496	1,040,717	13,779
Business	522,109	547,838	569,098	(21,260)
Plant operations and maintenance	2,116,816	2,101,521	1,977,267	124,254
Student transportation	1,628,729	1,810,071	1,767,036	43,035
Other	1,245,179	1,464,126	8,528	1,455,598
Total expenditures	19,485,447	20,550,985	18,047,714	2,503,271

Edmonson County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

	Budgeted Ar	nounts		Variances
For the year ended June 30, 2024	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,912,565)	(2,263,489)	76,228	2,339,717
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers - net	92,840	(79,755)	55,713	135,468
Total other financing sources (uses)	92,840	(79,755)	55,713	135,468
Net change in fund balance	(1,819,725)	(2,343,244)	131,941	2,475,185
Fund balance-beginning of year	1,819,725	2,343,244	2,842,445	499,201
Fund balance-end of year	\$ - \$	- \$	2,974,386	\$ 2,974,386

Edmonson County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Revenue Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	unts			V	ariances
For the year ended June 30, 2024		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al to Actual
Revenues								
Local and intermediate sources	\$	350	\$	350	\$	46,361	\$	46,011
State programs	·	1,221,498		1,320,108	-	1,492,331		172,223
Federal programs		1,377,170		1,383,881		2,403,565		1,019,684
Total revenues		2,599,018		2,704,339		3,942,257		1,237,918
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		1,687,869		2,370,220		2,170,744		199,476
Support services:								
Student		78,372		76,237		116,492		(40,255)
Instructional staff		482,079		726,796		564,968		161,828
Business		20,000		38,859		442,792		(403,933)
Plant operations and maintenance		58,000		44,975		81,315		(36,340)
Student transportation		68,824		83,092		150,321		(67,229)
Other		238,874		245,587		271,589		(26,002)
Total expenditures		2,634,018		3,585,766		3,798,221		(212,455)

Edmonson County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Revenue Fund

		Budgeted An	nounts		Variances
For the year ended June 30, 2024	0	riginal	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(35,000)	(881,427)	144,036	1,025,463
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers - net		35,000	35,595	61,652	26,057
Total other financing sources (uses)		35,000	35,595	61,652	26,057
Net change in fund balance		-	(845,832)	205,688	1,051,520
Fund balance-beginning of year		-	<u>-</u>	2,056	2,056
Fund balance-end of year	\$	- \$	(845,832) \$	207,744	\$ 1,053,576

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

As of June 30,	2024		2023	2022	•	2021	2020	2019	20)18	_	2017	2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension															
liability	0.0%	ó	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
District's proportionate share of the net															
pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
District	\$ 40,312,907	\$	41,456,330	\$ 30,196,317	\$	32,937,869	\$ 32,082,255	\$ 31,206,890	\$ 66,2	96,602	\$	71,515,932	\$ 56,544,274	\$!	51,978,177
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,892,349	\$	5,067,039	\$ 4,909,574	\$	5,516,069	\$ 5,528,170	\$ 5,783,359	\$ 6,5	32,314	\$	6,933,221	\$ 6,801,895	\$	7,923,760
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	<u> </u>	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a	0.007		0.0075	0.0075		0.0075	0.0075	0.0070		0.0070		0.0070	0.0075		0.0070
percentage of the total pension liability	57.68%	ó	56.41%	65.59%		58.27%	58.80%	59.30%		39.83%		35.22%	42.49%		45.59%

Schedule of the District's Contributions-KTRS

				Julicaale 0	 	٠							
For the year ended June 30,	2024		2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	201	6	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	5	-	\$ -
contractually required contribution	 	•	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	.		\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,928,834	\$	4,892,349	\$ 5,067,039	\$ 4,909,574	\$	5,516,069	\$ 5,528,170	\$ 5,783,359	\$ 6,532,314	6,93	3,221	\$ 6,801,895
Contributions as a percentage of	0.000%	,	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0	000%	0.000%
covered payroll	0.000%	6	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	U	.000%	0.0003

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

Changes of Benefit Terms

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions

2023: No changes in assumptions.

2022: No changes in assumptions.

2021: In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2020: No changes in assumptions.

2019: No changes in assumptions.

2018: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2017: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2016: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2015: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

2014: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees Retirement System

		:	Schedule of	the	District's Pro	ро	rtionate Shai	re c	of the Net Pe	nsio	on Liability-Cl	ERS	;			
As of June 30,	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.010419%		0.098634%		0.100224%		0.099590%		0.100636%		0.104021%		0.108360%	0.115126%	 0.113821%	0.113792%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,685,232	\$	7,130,265	\$	6,390,066	\$	7,638,471	\$	7,077,774	\$	6,335,196	\$	6,342,644	\$ 5,668,371	\$ 4,893,774	\$ 3,692,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,185,791	\$	2,775,262	\$	2,606,337	\$	2,557,741	\$	2,556,750	\$	2,591,595	\$	2,654,172	\$ 2,744,581	\$ 2,667,733	\$ 2,615,807
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	209.85%		256.92%		245.17%		298.64%		276.83%		244.45%		238.97%	206.53%	183.44%	141.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.48%		52.42%		57.33%		47.81%		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%
					Schedule o	f th	e District's C	ont	ributions-CE	RS						
For the year ended June 30,	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 723,116	\$	745,475	\$	587,523	\$	503,023	\$	493,644	\$	414,705	\$	375,263	\$ 370,257	\$ 340,877	\$ 340,136
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	723,116		745,475		587,523		503,023		493,644		414,705		375,263	370,257	340,877	340,136
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,098,183	\$	3,185,791	\$	2,775,262	\$	2,606,337	\$	2,557,741	\$	2,556,750	\$	2,591,595	\$ 2,654,172	\$ 2,744,581	\$ 2,667,733
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.34%		23.40%		21.17%		19.30%		19.30%		16.22%		14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees Retirement System

Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2023: No changes in benefit terms.

2022: No changes in benefit terms.

2021: No changes in benefit terms.

2020: No changes in benefit terms.

2019: No changes in benefit terms.

2018: No changes in benefit terms.

2017: No changes in benefit terms.

2016: No changes in benefit terms.

2015: No changes in benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2023: During the 2023 legislative session, House Bill 506 was enacted which reinstated the Partial Lump-Sum Optional Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, as well as adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined with these updates in mind, however it is estimated these updates will not have a significant impact on the total pension liability of the plans.

2022: No changes in assumptions.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees Retirement System

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. Additionally, House Bill 271 was enacted which removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries. This did not have a material (or measurable) impact on the liability of the plans and therefore, no adjustment was made to the Total Pension Liability to reflect this legislation.

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2016: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2015: No changes in assumptions.

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Fund

Schedule of the District's Proportionate share	of the Collective Net OPFB Liability - K	TRS

As of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.124139%	0.176475%	0.123747%	0.124834%	0.125703%	0.123369%	0.130561%
District's proportionate share of the collective net							
OPEB liability	\$ 3,024,000	\$ 4,381,000	\$ 2,655,246	\$ 3,150,000	\$ 3,679,000	\$ 4,281,000	\$ 4,656,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,892,349	\$ 5,067,039	\$ 4,909,574	\$ 5,516,069	\$ 5,528,170	\$ 5,783,359	\$ 6,532,314
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	61.81%	86.46%	54.08%	57.11%	66.55%	74.02%	71.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.97%	47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.50%	21.18%

Schedule of the District's Contributions - KTRS

For the years ended June 30,		2024	2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	394	\$ 233	\$ 324	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required										
contribution		-	-		-		394	233	324	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 4	1,928,834	\$ 4,892,349	\$	5,067,039	\$	4,909,574	\$ 5,516,069	\$ 5,528,170	\$ 5,783,359
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	,	0.00%	6	0.01%	0.00%	0.01%	0.00%

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Fund

Changes of Benefit Terms

2023: No changes of benefit terms.

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

2021: No changes of benefit terms.

2020: No changes of benefit terms.

2019: No changes of benefit terms.

2018: No changes of benefit terms.

2017: With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Changes of Assumptions

2022: The health care trend rates were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund

Schedule of the District's Proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability - KTRS

As of June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021	2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%	0.000000%		0.000000%	(0.000000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net													
OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	Ş	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	4,892,349	\$	5,067,039	\$	4,909,574	\$	5,516,069	\$ 5,528,170	ç	5,783,359	\$	6,532,314
District's proportionate share of the collective net													
OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the													
total OPEB liability		76.91%		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%	73.40%		75.00%		79.99%
	Sc	hedule of th	ne	District's Co	ntr	ibutions - K	TR	S					
For the years ended June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021	2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	Ş	-	\$	-
Contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	Ş	- -	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	4,928,834	\$	4,892,349	\$	5,067,039	\$	4,909,574	\$ 5,516,069	Ş	5,528,170	\$	5,783,359
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund

Changes of Benefit Terms

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – County Employees Retirement System

Schedule of District's	Proportionate Share	of the Collective N	Net OPEB Liability - CER	25
Schedule of District 3	riopoi libilate silale	OI LIIE COHECLIVE I	NEL OF LD LIADIIILY - CLIN	

As of June 30,	2024		2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.104184%		0.098617%		0.100201%		0.099561%	0.100609%	0.104021%	0.108360%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB										
iability	\$ (143,843)	\$	1,946,220	\$	1,918,298	\$	2,404,095	\$ 1,692,198	\$ 1,846,801	\$ 2,178,407
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,185,791	\$	2,775,262	\$	2,606,337	\$	2,557,741	\$ 2,556,750	\$ 2,591,595	\$ 2,654,172
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB										
iability as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4.52%		70.13%		73.60%		93.99%	66.19%	71.26%	82.07%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
otal OPEB liability	104.23%		60.95%		62.91%		51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%
	Schedu	le c	of District Cor	ntri	ibutions - CE	RS				
For the years ended June 30,	2024		2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	108,448	\$	159,962	\$	124,188	\$ 121,872	\$ 130,716	\$ 121,774
Contributions in relation to the contractually										
required contribution	-		108,448		159,962		124,188	121,872	130,716	121,774
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,098,183	\$	3,185,791	\$	2,775,262	\$	2,606,337	\$ 2,557,741	\$ 2,556,750	\$ 2,591,595
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%		3.40%		5.76%		4.76%	4.76%	5.11%	4.70%

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – County Employees Retirement System

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

Changes of Benefit Terms

No changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions

2023: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Note 9 of the financial statements. During the 2023 legislative session, House Bill 506 was enacted which reinstated the Partial Lump-Sum Optional Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, as well as adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined with these updates in mind, however it is estimated these updates will not have a significant impact on the total pension liability of the plans.

2022: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Note 9 of the financial statements. During the 2022 legislative session, Senate Bill 209 was enacted which increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2023 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total OPEB Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020.

Edmonson County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions – County Employees Retirement System

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which update the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using the updated benefit provisions.

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25%.

Edmonson County School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024	24 SEEK Fund FSPK Fund		FSPK Fund	District Activity Fund			Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund		Total Other Governmental Funds	
Assets											
Cash	\$	83,984	\$	437,568	\$	68,353	\$	149,571	\$ -	\$	739,476
Total assets	\$	83,984	\$	437,568	\$	68,353	\$	149,571	\$ 	\$	739,476
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities						4.550					4.550
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,550	\$	-	\$ 	\$	1,550
Total liabilities		-		-		1,550		-	-		1,550
Fund Balances											
Restricted		83,984		437,568		-		149,571	-		671,123
Assigned		-		-		66,803		-	-		66,803
Total fund balances		83,984		437,568		66,803		149,571	_		737,926
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	83,984	\$	437,568	\$	68,353	\$	149,571	\$ -	\$	739,476

Edmonson County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund	FS	SPK Fund	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	otal Other vernmental Funds
Revenues							
From local sources:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ -	\$	502,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 502,421
Earnings on investments	10,849		17,489	-	-	-	28,338
Other local revenue	-		-	125,422	172,197	-	297,619
Intergovernmental - state	161,875		319,904	-	-	226,107	707,886
Total revenues	172,724		839,814	125,422	172,197	226,107	1,536,264
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	-		-	133,381	158,946	-	292,327
Support services:							
Student transportation	-		-	-	713	-	713
Debt service:							
Principal	-		-	-	-	891,000	891,000
Interest	-		-	-	-	255,264	255,264
Total expenditures	-		-	133,381	159,659	1,146,264	1,439,304
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	172,724		839,814	(7,959)	12,538	(920,157)	96,960

Edmonson County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund	FSPK Fund	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	-	-	97	-	920,157	920,254
Operating transfers out	(172,724)	(810,804)	-	(97)	-	(983,625)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(172,724)	(810,804)	97	(97)	920,157	(63,371)
Net change in fund balances	-	29,010	(7,862)	12,441	_	33,589
Fund balance - beginning of year	83,984	408,558	74,665	137,130		704,337
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 83,984	\$ 437,568	\$ 66,803	\$ 149,571	\$ -	\$ 737,926

Edmonson County School District Combining Statement of School Activity Funds

					Cash		Cash		Fu	und Balance
As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024	Casl	Cash July 1, 2023		Cash Receipts		Disbursements	Ju	ne 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	
Edmonson County High School	\$	97,406	\$	131,008	\$	120,735	\$	107,679	\$	107,679
Edmonson County Middle School		11,066		11,064		11,229		10,901		10,901
Fifth - Sixth Center		3,819		2,689		3,617		2,891		2,891
Kyrock Elementary School		14,068		9,982		11,283		12,767		12,767
South Edmonson Elementary School		10,771		17,454		12,892		15,333		15,333
Total	\$	137,130	\$	172,197	\$	159,756	\$	149,571	\$	149,571

Edmonson County School District Statement of School Activity Funds Edmonson County High School

As of and for the year ended June 30,	Cash	Cash	Cash		Cash	Fund Balance
2024	July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024
Teacher	\$ 800	\$ 476	\$ 118	\$ -	\$ 1,158	•
Student Generated	3,173	8,189	2,690	(901)	7,771	7,771
Locker	-	4	-	(4)	-	-
Parking	-	670	-	(670)	-	-
Classroom Fees	-	4,581	-	(4,581)	-	-
Counselor Rewards	404	-	-	-	404	404
Emp/Skills/T-Shirt	952	2,912	3,792	1,848	1,920	1,920
PSAT	-	216	294	-	(78)	(78)
Cats Corner	5,689	2,950	2,237	-	6,402	6,402
Advanced Placement	750	63	292	-	521	521
Outdoor Society	-	360	138	-	222	222
FFA	2,671	13,753	12,730	-	3,694	3,694
Farm and Greenhouse	19,768	4,162	1,447	-	22,483	22,483
DECA	338	5,697	3,269	-	2,766	2,766
HOSA	762	2,640	2,071	(536)	795	795
Yearbook	18,214	17,936	17,266	-	18,884	18,884
Art Club	351	1,060	866	-	545	545
Drama	1,504	5,221	5,255	-	1,470	1,470
+1 Club	655	1,274	748	-	1,181	1,181
Prom	17,894	5,648	9,688	-	13,854	13,854
Skills U	4,336	3,518	3,837	(324)	3,693	3,693
Welding	364	-	-	-	364	364
Autoshop	99	-	-	(99)	-	-
Woodworking	6,465	695	-	-	7,160	7,160
FMD	351	1,336	1,520	-	167	167
Senior Trip	451	28,908	29,105	-	254	254
Beta Club	4,744	5,480	5,675	-	4,549	4,549
SADD	80	573	763	-	(110)	(110)

Edmonson County School District Statement of School Activity Funds Edmonson County High School

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024	Cash July 1, 2023	Cash Receipts	Cash Disbursements	Transfers	Cash June 30, 2024	Fund Balance June 30, 2024
Litorany Club	969	3,200	3,029	_	1,140	1 140
Literary Club		•	•		•	1,140
Horticulture Club	15	1,379	862	-	532	532
Math Club	934	280	212	(267)	735	735
Pep Club	967	2,080	2,387	-	660	660
International Club	972	180	183	-	969	969
Academic Team	72	-	-	-	72	72
The Wildcat Initiative	-	202	58	-	144	144
FCA	34	-	-	-	34	34
Science Club	1,427	3,031	2,639	-	1,819	1,819
3 Corners	-	807	507	-	300	300
JAG	1,052	1,277	797	(721)	811	811
Senior Field Day	-	-	623	1,000	377	377
4-H Club	149	250	382	-	17	17
SWEEP	-	-	5,255	5,255	-	
Total	\$ 97,406	\$ 131,008	\$ 120,735	\$ -	\$ 107,679	\$ 107,679

Edmonson County School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Federal	Pass-Through			
Federal Grantor/	Assistance	Entity	Passed		
Pass-Through Grantor/	Listing	Identifying	Through to	Tot	:al
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Federal Exp	enditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Direct Program					
Food Distribution Program - noncash	10.555	-	\$ -	\$ 36,783	
Passed-Through State Department of Education:			,	,,	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 24	-	372,565	
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000 22	-	60,592	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023 23	-	1,845	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 23	-	877,049	
Subtotal			•		1,348,834
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001 22	-		4,300
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					1,353,134
U.S. Department of Treasury Direct Program:	32.009				(4.147)
COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009		-		(4,147)
Total Federal Communications Commission					(4,147)
U.S. Department of Education					
Direct Program					
Impact Aid	84.041	_	_		129,034
Passed-Through State Department of Education:	04.041				123,034
Title I, Part A					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023	84.010	3100002 22	-	87,456	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024	84.010	3100002 23	-	419,166	
Subtotal					506,622
Title IV					
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment					
Program - 2021	84.424	3420002 20	-	(20,489)	
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment					
Program - 2022	84.424	3420002 21	-	1,546	
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment					
Program - 2023	84.424	3420002 22	-	28,550	
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment					
Program - 2024	84.424	3420002 23		32,593	
Subtotal					42,200

Edmonson County School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Federal	Pass-Through			
Federal Grantor/	Assistance	Entity	Passed		
Pass-Through Grantor/	Listing	Identifying	Through to	To	tal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Federal Ex	penditures
Special Education Cluster					
Special Education Grants to States - 2023	84.027	3810002 22	_	331,592	
Special Education Grants to States - 2024	84.027	3810002 23	_	139,330	
Special Education Grants to States 2024 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020	84.173	3800002 19	_	97	
Special Education Preschool Grants - 2022	84.173	3800002 13	_	531	
Special Education Preschool Grants - 2023	84.173	3800002 22	_	1,355	
Special Education Preschool Grants - 2024	84.173	3800002 23	_	19,152	
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States - 2022	84.027	4910002-21	_	17,130	
Subtotal	01.027	1310002 21	-	17,130	509,187
Career and Technical Education -Basic Grants to States	;				303,207
- 2023	84.048	3710002 22	_	1,766	
Career and Technical Education -Basic Grants to States				_,	
- 2024	84.048	3710002 23	-	24,549	
Subtotal			-		26,315
Rural Education - 2022	85.358	3140002 21	-	13,970	
Rural Education - 2023	85.358	3140002 22	-	15,364	
Rural Education - 2024	85.358	3140002 23	_	12,552	
Subtotal			-	,	41,886
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2023	84.367	3230002 22	_	10,199	•
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2024	84.367	3230002 23	_	67,766	
Subtotal			-		77,965
COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund					
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	4000002 20	-	9,730	
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425C	4200002 21	-	9,808	
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	4200002 21	-	(10,669)	
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	4200002 21	-	1,013,280	
Subtotal			-		1,022,149
Passed-Through State Workforce Cabinet:					
Adult Basic Education - Grants to States - 2023	84.002	373J	-	200	
Adult Basic Education - Grants to States - 2024	84.002	373K	-	113,704	
Adult Basic Education - Grants to States - 2023	84.002	365J	-	3,781	
Adult Basic Education - Grants to States - 2024	84.002	365K		63,703	
Subtotal					181,388
Total U.S. Department of Education					2,536,746
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -		\$ 3,885,733
			т		+ -,000,.00

Edmonson County School District Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Edmonson County School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair value of the goods received.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use indirect cost rates as defined by the grantor in the following programs:

Child Nutrition Cluster

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES

The District did not have any loans or loan guarantee programs required to be reported on the schedule.

NOTE 5: SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not provide federal funds to subrecipients for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Edmonson County School District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

No findings were reported in the June 30, 2023 audit.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Edmonson County School District Brownsville, Kentucky Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 922 State Street

Suite 100 Bowling Green, KY 42101

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We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits as defined in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Edmonson County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Edmonson County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education **Edmonson County School District**

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract – State Compliance Requirements.*

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 14, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C. CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Bowling Green, Kentucky

November 14, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Edmonson County School District Brownsville, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Edmonson County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal* Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
 test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance,
 but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs ! Ungram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 14, 2024

${\bf Section} \ {\bf I-Summary} \ {\bf of} \ {\bf Auditor's} \ {\bf Results}$

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on wl prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unm		ements audited were
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☐ Yes	☑ No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	☐ Yes	☑ None reported
Type of Auditor's report issued on complia for major Federal programs: Unmodified	nce	
Any audit findings disclosed that are requi		
to be reported in accordance with the Unit Guidance (2 CFR 200.516(a))?	□ Yes	⊠No
Identification of major Federal program:		
Federal Assistance Listing		
Numbers Name	of Federal Program or C	<u>lluster</u>
10.553 / 10.555 / 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000)
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ Yes	□ No

Edmonson County School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section II — Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III — Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC

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Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Edmonson County School District Brownsville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Edmonson County School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's system of internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses and matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated November 14, 2024 contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 14, 2024 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendations with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the District, Kentucky State Committee for School Districts Audits, and management of the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 14, 2024

Edmonson County School District Comments and Recommendations

Current Year Comments

Kyrock Elementary School

• During our testing of disbursements, we noted one disbursement that lacked supporting documentation. We recommend that all disbursements have supporting documentation in accordance with Redbook.

Edmonson County High School

• In our procedures over activity funds, we noted two activity funds with deficit balances at June 30, 2024. We recommend appropriate transfers be made to cover deficit balances in accordance with Redbook.

Prior Year Comments

All prior year comments were corrected.

Edmonson County School District Management Responses

Edmonson County Board of Education BRIAN ALEXANDER, SUPERINTENDENT

BRIAN ALEXANDER, SUPERINTENDENT
100 Wildcat Way, P.O. Box 129
Brownsville, KY 42210
Phone: 270-597-2101 - Fax: 270-597-2103

Fiscal Year 2024 Management Letter Response:

Kyrock Elementary School

 Kyrock issued a refund to a student for trip fees paid and the trip was subsequently canceled. Management will discuss documentation procedures for student refunds and make sure they are implemented.

Edmonson County High School

District Management will discuss the review process with the ECHS bookkeeper to
ensure activity fund balances are reviewed for deficit balances and transfers made
accordingly.



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CRI'S CEO ACTION FOR DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION

Carr, Riggs & Ingram is committed to fostering an inclusive and diverse place for all employees to work in and engage. When our managing partner and chairman, Bill Carr, signed the CEO Action for Diversity & Inclusion™ pledge, he made a public commitment to building a productive, diverse, and inclusive workplace. Learn more about CRI's commitment to Diversity and Inclusion.

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